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### Adenocarcinoma, Bronchiolo-Alveolar

A carcinoma thought to be derived from epithelium of terminal bronchioles, in which the neoplastic tissue extends along the alveolar walls and grows in small masses within the a Involvement may be uniformly diffuse and massive, or nodular, or lobular. The neoplasti are cuboidal or columnar and form papillary structures. Mucin may be demonstrated in s of the cells and in the material in the alveoli, which also includes denuded cells. Metastas regional lymph nodes, and in even more distant sites, are known to occur, but are infreq (From Stedman, 25th ed)

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